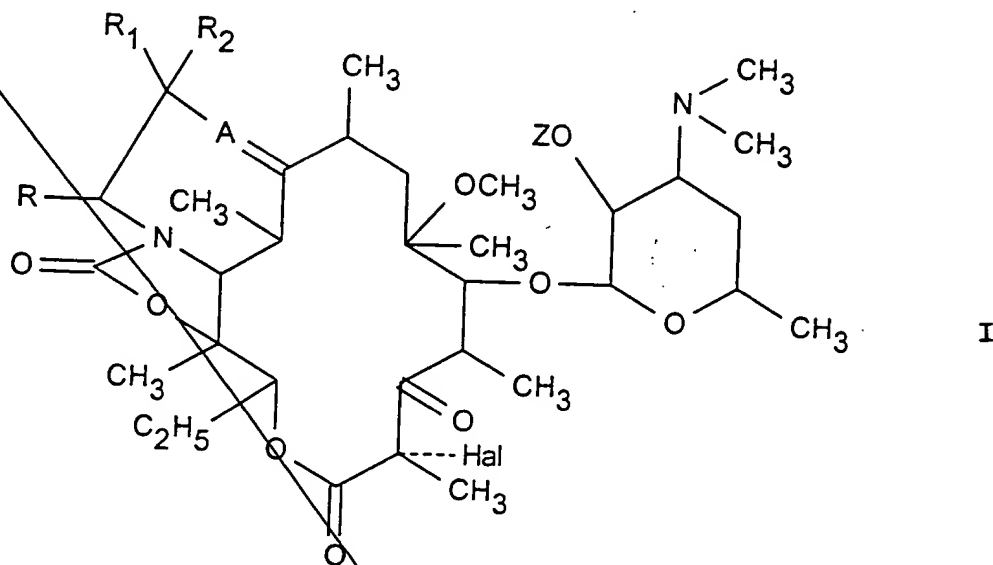


WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

1. A compound selected from the group consisting of a compound of the formula



wherein A is nitrogen or  $N \rightarrow O$ ,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and  $-(CH_2)_mOB$ , Hal is halogen, m and n are individually an integer from 1 to 8, B is hydrogen or  $-C(=O)-Ar_2OR-(CH_2)_n-Ar$ , Ar is a mono- or polycyclic aryl or heteroaryl, Z is hydrogen or acyl of an organic carboxylic acid of up to 18 carbon atoms and its non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts.

2. A compound of claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are hydrogen.

3. A compound of claim 1 wherein A is nitrogen.

4. A compound of claim 1 wherein Hal is fluorine.

5. A compound of ~~claim 1~~ wherein R is hydrogen.

<sup>5</sup>  
6. A compound of claim 1 wherein R is -CH<sub>2</sub>OH.

10 7. A compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of  
[3aS-(3aR\*,4S\*,7R\*,9S\*,10S\*,11S\*,13S\*,15S\*,15aS\*)]-4-ethyl-7-  
fluoro-3a,4,10,11,12,13,15,15a-octahydro-11-methoxy-  
3a,7,9,11,13,15-hexamethyl-10-[[3,4,6-trideoxy-3-(dimethyl-amino)-  
.beta.-D-xylo-hexopyranosyl]oxy]-14,1-(nitriloethano)-2H-  
oxacyclotetradecino[4,3-d]oxazole-2,6,8(9H)-trione and  
15 [3aS-(3aR\*,4S\*,7R\*,9S\*,10S\*,11S\*,13S\*,15S\*,15aS\*,17R\*)]-4-  
ethyl-7-fluoro-3a,4,10,11,12,13,15,15a-octahydro-17-hydroxymethyl)-  
11-methoxy-3a,7,9,11,13,15-hexamethyl-10-[[3-4,6-trideoxy-3-  
(dimethylamino)-.beta.-D-xylohexopyranosyl]oxy]-14,1-  
nitriloethano)-2H-oxacyclotetradecino[4,3-d]oxazole-2,6,8(9H)-  
20 trione.

<sup>7</sup>  
8. An antibiotic composition comprising an antibiotically effective amount of a compound of claim 1 and an inert pharmaceutical carrier.

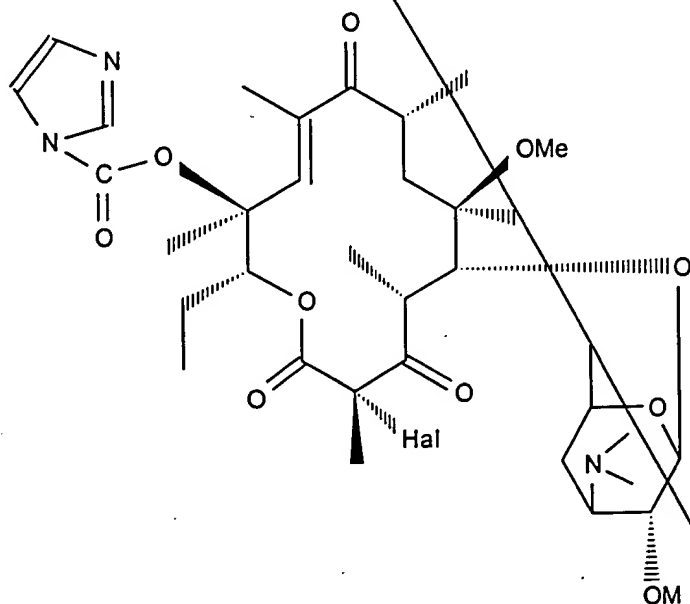
25 9. An antibiotic composition comprising an antibiotically

effective amount of a compound of claim <sup>6</sup> 7 and an inert pharmaceutical carrier.

10. A method of treating bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals comprising administering to warm-blooded animals an antibiotically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

11. A method of treating bacterial infections in warm-blooded animals comprising administering to warm-blooded animals an antibiotically effective amount of a compound of claim 7.

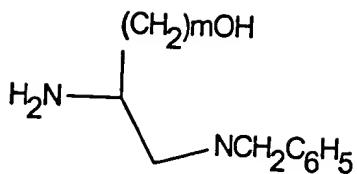
12. A process for the preparation of a compound of claim 1 comprising reacting a compound of the formula



II

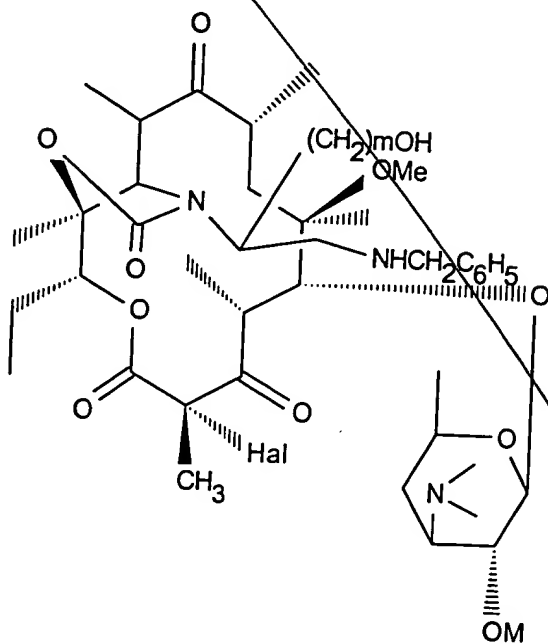
wherein Hal is halogen and OM is a protected hydroxyl with a compound of the formula

C<sub>4</sub>  
 cost



III

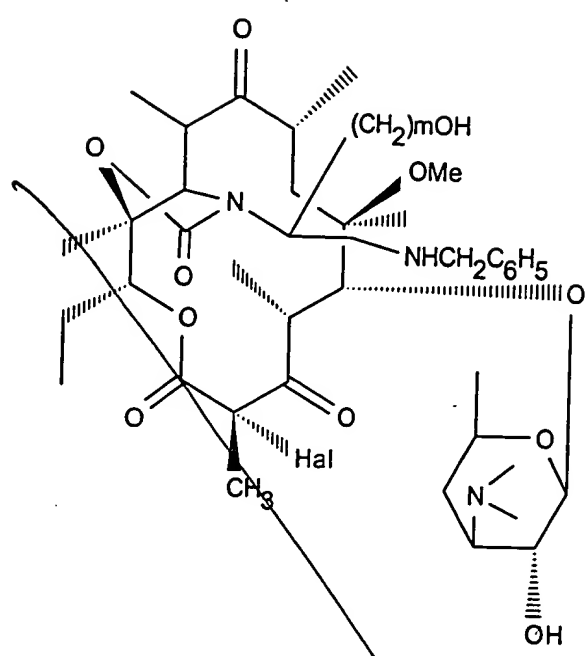
wherein m is an integer from 1 to 8 to obtain a compound of the  
 formula



IV

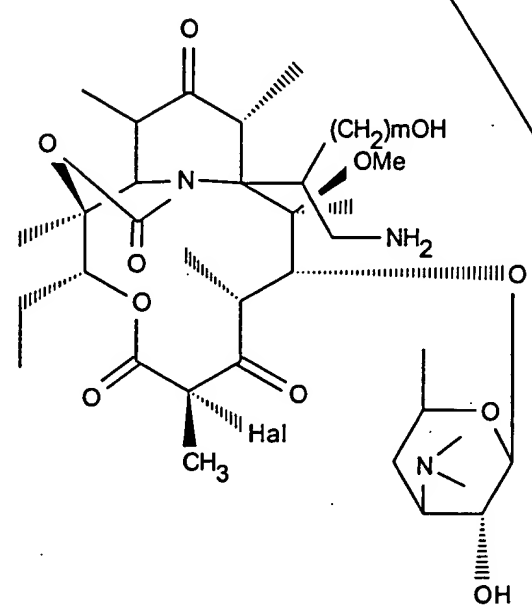
deprotecting the 2'-hydroxyl to obtain a compound of the formula

at  
5 cont



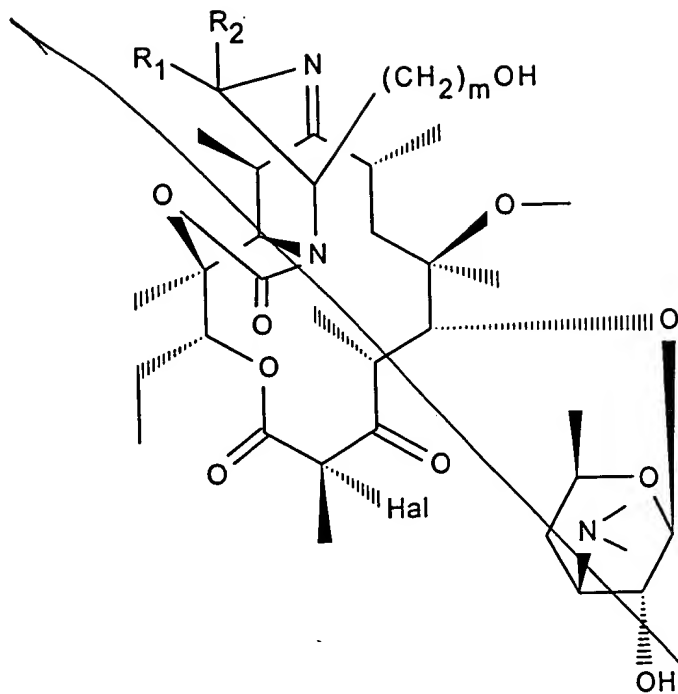
V

reacting the latter with a debenzylating agent to obtain a compound of the formula



VI

reacting the latter with a cyclization agent to form a compound of the formulae



IA

wherein R is  $-(CH_2)_m-OH$  and optionally subjecting the latter to an aralkylating or acylating agent to obtain a compound of claim 1

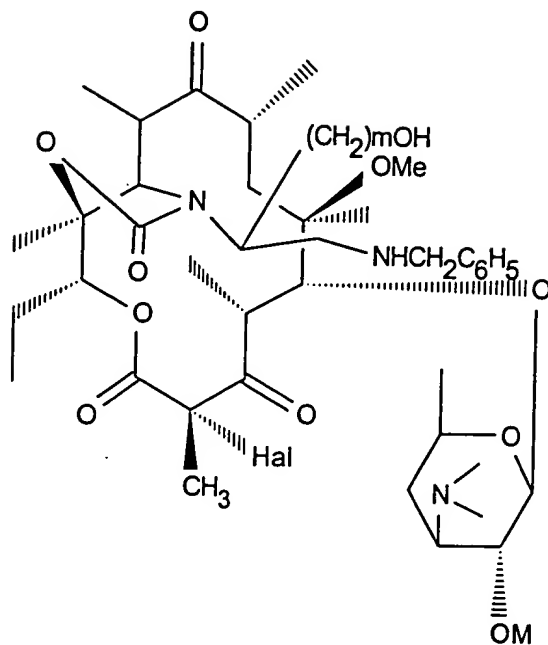
wherein B is  $-(CH_2)_n-Ar$  or  $-C(=O)-Ar$ .

12

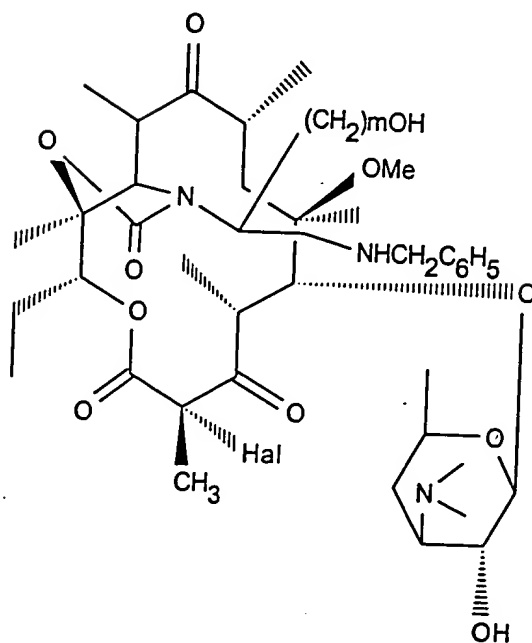
13. A compound selected from the group consisting of

31  
8

30

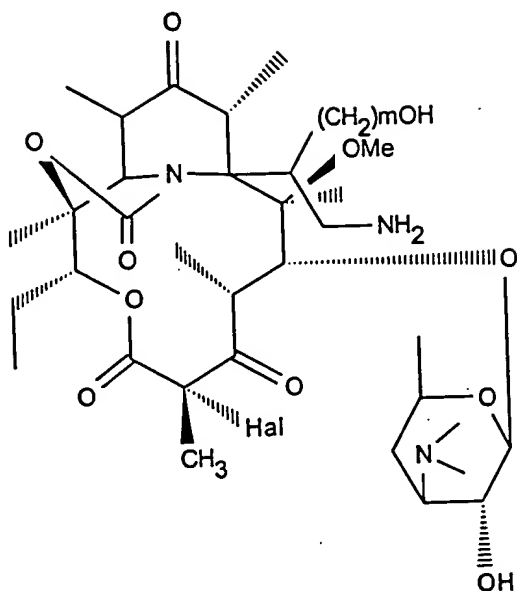


IV



V

32  
7



VI

where the substituents are defined as in claim 12.

33  
8

32